Strawman Encke OpNav Strategy (Timeline format)

27 March 2002

Notes:

- TCMs at En–25d, En–3d & En–1d.
- Aimpoint: $B \cdot R = 0$, $B \cdot T = -160$ km (in EMO2000) based on expected Nav delivery error ellipse (En-1d) of 20x20 km 1-sigma. This is on the sunward side of the comet. (Note that placement of the CRISP sun shade might block outbound imaging for flyby on anti-sunward side.)
- Need to turn HGA to Earth to download opnavs.
- Opnavs will not work in rotisserie mode. Must be in 3-axis.
- No frame snipping. Instead, use either 256 x 256 or 512 x 512 pixel subframes, TBD.
- Need ability to uplink exposure times on a daily basis starting at En–10d.
- Each opnav opportunity may consist of more than 1 frame (e.g., at different exposures).
- In addition to astrometric observations, the opnav data will have photometric use; relative brightness between nucleus & coma, absolute nucleus brightness for exposure times for the next picture cycle, resolution of nucleus rotation light curve, etc. May be able to combine/coordinate with science.

Rotation period is 15 hours (want to cover 20 hours)

- En-35d: Deliver ground-based Encke ephemeris to support 1st onboard opnavs at En-30d and TCM at En-25d.
- En-30d: Begin 1/day opnavs to: (1) Acquire Encke if possible, (2) Exercise the system. Expected accuracy = 1 pixel until nucleus detection.
- En–27d: DCO (Data Cut Off) for En–25d TCM.
- En–25d: TCM to correct to updated comet ephemeris & current OD.
- En–15d: Update Encke ephemeris with ground data collected since En–35d.
- En–10d: Expected nucleus detection. Begin 2 opnavs/day, play down at least once per day. Expected accuracy = 0.25 pixel.
- En–6d: Final delivery of Encke ephemeris based on ground-based data.
- En-6d: Begin first opnav campaign between En-6 & En-4d (later is better): 1 opnav/hour for 20 hours, multiple frames per opnav. Coordinate with science desires & ops constraints.
- En–4d: DCO for En–3d TCM.
- En–3d: TCM corrects to aimpoint based on latest opnav data and latest ground-based ephemeris. This TCM is also insurance against failure of the En–1d TCM.
- En-3d: Begin second opnav campaign: 1 opnav/hour, multiple frames per opnav, until En-1.5d. Playdown NLT En-1.5d.
- En-1.5d: DCO for En-1d TCM. Expected error = 20 x 20 km, 1-sigma. End 2nd opnav campaign, begin 1 opnav per 2h.
- En–1d: TCM corrects for latest OD results. Also as a contingency in case of failure of the En–3d TCM. Execute only if correction needed is > 20 km in adverse direction.
- En–12h: DCO for knowledge delivery at En–6h.
- En–6h: Final knowledge delivery.
- En–TBD: Terminate taking of CFI data.
- En+2d: Preliminary reconstruction based on all data (including CRISP) to this point.